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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/891,309	06/27/2001	Peter D'Antonio	D'ANTONIO-15	1645
7590 04/28/2004			EXAMINER	
H. JAY SPIEGEL P.O. BOX 444			MCCLOUD, RENATA D	
Mount Vernon, VA 22121			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2837	
			DATE MAILED: 04/28/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/891,309	D'ANTONIO ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Renata McCloud	2837	
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail - earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	J.  1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re eply within the statutory minimum of thirt bd will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON' ute, cause the application to become AB.	ply be timely filed  r (30) days will be considered timely.  THS from the mailing date of this communication.  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03	March 2004.		
	nis action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under			
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrest is/are allowed.  5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-8,13-15 and 19 is/are rejected.  7) ☐ Claim(s) 9-12,17 and 18 is/are objected to.  8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and.	rawn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.		
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ ac	ccepted or b) objected to t	y the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to th	e drawing(s) be held in abeyan	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	= :		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents.  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bure.  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Apiority documents have been a au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)			
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		ımmary (PTO-413) /Mail Date	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date		ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

Art Unit: 2837

Page 2

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Response to Amendment

- 1. In response to the amendment filed 03 March 2004, the following has occurred:
  - (a) Claims 1, 5, 7,8, 13, and 14 have been amended.
  - (b) Claim 16 has been cancelled.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims are 1-5, 7, 15, and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over D'Antonio et al (U.S. 5,193,318) in view of D'Antonio et al (US 4,821,839).

Claim 1: D'Antonio '318 teach a sound diffuser with low frequency sound absorption (e.g. Fig. 1) having a front surface configured to diffuse sound waves (e.g. Fig. 2:21), a rear surface (Fig. 2: 23), and means for receiving sound waves via the front surface below a desired cut-off frequency (e.g. Fig. 2:32). D'Antonio '318 do not teach means permitting sound waves to travel from the front surface to the rear surface

Art Unit: 2837

through the body. D'Antonio '839 teaches means permitting sound waves to travel from a front surface to a rear surface (Fig. 2:21) through the body (Col. 2: 10-20).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the apparatus taught by D'Antonio '319 to include means permitting sound waves to travel from a front surface to a rear surface through the body as taught by D'Antonio '839. The advantage of this would be the ability to absorb sound waves.

Claim 2: D'Antonio '318 and D'Antonio '839 teach the limitations of claim 1.

Referring to claim 2, D'Antonio '318 teach a plurality of divided or non-divided parallel wells (e.g. Fig. 1: wells 27 and 29 divided by dividers 23 and 25).

Claim 3: D'Antonio '318 and D'Antonio '839 teach the limitations of claim 1.

Referring to claim 3, D'Antonio '318 teach the front surface having a geometrical or irregular shaped pattern (e.g. Fig. 1:surface has a geometrical shape).

Claim 4: D'Antonio '318 and D'Antonio '839 teach the limitations of claim 3.

Referring to claim 4, D'Antonio '318 teach the shapes separated by slots or holes (e.g. Fig. 2:32 is a hole that separates shapes adjacent to it).

Claim 5: D'Antonio '318 and D'Antonio '839 teach the limitations of claim 4.

Referring to claim 5, D'Antonio '318 teach receiving means between the slots or holes (e.g. Fig. 2:32 is a hole for sound to pass through).

Claim 7: D'Antonio '318 and D'Antonio '839 teach the limitations of claim 1.

Referring to claim 7, D'Antonio '318 teach the receiving means having a plurality of open slots (e.g. Fig. 2:30).

Art Unit: 2837

Claims 15: D'Antonio '318 and D'Antonio '839 teach the limitations of claim 7.

Referring to claim 15, D'Antonio '318 teach the slots providing low frequency absorption (e.g. Col. 3:14-17).

3. Claims 6 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over D'Antonio et al (U.S. 5,193,318) and D'Antonio et al (US 4,821,839) as applied to claim 1 above, in view of McGrath (U.S. Patent 6,015,026).

Claims 6: D'Antonio '318 and D'Antonio '839 teach the limitations of claim 1.

Referring to claim 6, they do not teach the front surface comprised of a compound curved shaped. McGrath teaches a front surface comprised of a compound curved shaped (e.g. Figure 1, Item 12).

Claim 19: D'Antonio '318 and D'Antonio '839 teach the limitations of claim 1. Referring to claim 19, they do not teach a crossover frequency below which sound is absorbed and above which diffusion takes place. McGrath teaches a crossover frequency below which sound is absorbed and above which diffusion takes place (e.g. Figure 24).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the apparatus taught by D'Antonio '318 and D'Antonio '839 to include the teachings of McGrath. The advantage of this would be a cost efficient, easy to install acoustic diffuser that absorbs a wide range of low frequencies, and is reflective over a range of mid-range frequencies.

Art Unit: 2837

Page 5

4. Claims 8, 13, and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over D'Antonio et al (U.S. 5,193,318) and D'Antonio et al (US 4,821,839) as applied to claim 1 above, in view of Fries (U.S. Patent 5,422,446).

Claim 8: D'Antonio '318 and D'Antonio '839 teach the limitations of claim 1.

Referring to claim 8, they do not teach the receiving means having a plurality of holes.

Fries teaches receiving means having a plurality of holes (e.g. Figure 1, Item 9).

Claim13: D'Antonio '318 and D'Antonio '839 teach the limitations of claim 1.

Referring to claim 13, they do not teach an absorptive material over the rear of the body. Fries teaches an absorptive material over the rear of the body (e.g. Figure 2, Item 7).

Claim 14: D'Antonio '318 and D'Antonio '839 teach the limitations of claim 1.

Referring to claim 14, they do not teach the absorptive material made of a porous material. Fries teaches an absorptive material made of a porous material (e.g. Column 3, Line 66).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the apparatus taught by D'Antonio '318 and D'Antonio '839 to include the teachings of Fries. The advantage of this would be an acoustic diffuser that guides sound through its holes and has control over sound waves passing through.

Art Unit: 2837

## Allowable Subject Matter

5. Claims 9-12, 17, and 18 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: The prior art made of record fails to teach a diffuser with a first set of large holes and a second set of small holes and with slots having a width of 0.1 to 1 mm.

#### Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-15 and 17-19 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

#### Conclusion

7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

Art Unit: 2837

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Renata McCloud whose telephone number is (571) 272-2069. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.- Fri. from 8 am - 5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Martin can be reached on (571) 272-2800 ext. 4. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

**RDM** 

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Examiner Art Unit 283